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Evidence-based practice and policy to improve antibiotic stewardship and reduce antimicrobial resistance in Central Asia (CRP 2024-2026)

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# Antibiotic consumption at the community level in Kazakhstan







### Study materials

- Data on antibiotic sales by pharmacies in Kazakhstan and antibiotics distributed through the free prescription program of primary healthcare facilities from **2019 to 2023**.
- The data was procured from **Vi-ORTIS** Consulting Company, which collects data on the procurement and sales of medicines by pharmacies in Kazakhstan.
- The data on systemic antibacterials (**J01** code) was downloaded from Vi-ORTIS web portal.





### Study methods

- Data disaggregation at the ATC5 level was applied to upload information for each systemic antibacterial sold into the GLASS (Global Antimicrobial Resistance and Use Surveillance System).
- Defined Daily Doses (**DDD**) per 1000 inhabitants were used to estimate the proportion of the population receiving each type of antibiotic on a given day.
- Based on the DDD per 1000 inhabitants, all antibiotics were classified according to **AWaRe** categories: **Access**, **Watch**, **and Reserve**.
- SPSS version 26.0 was used for statistical analysis.

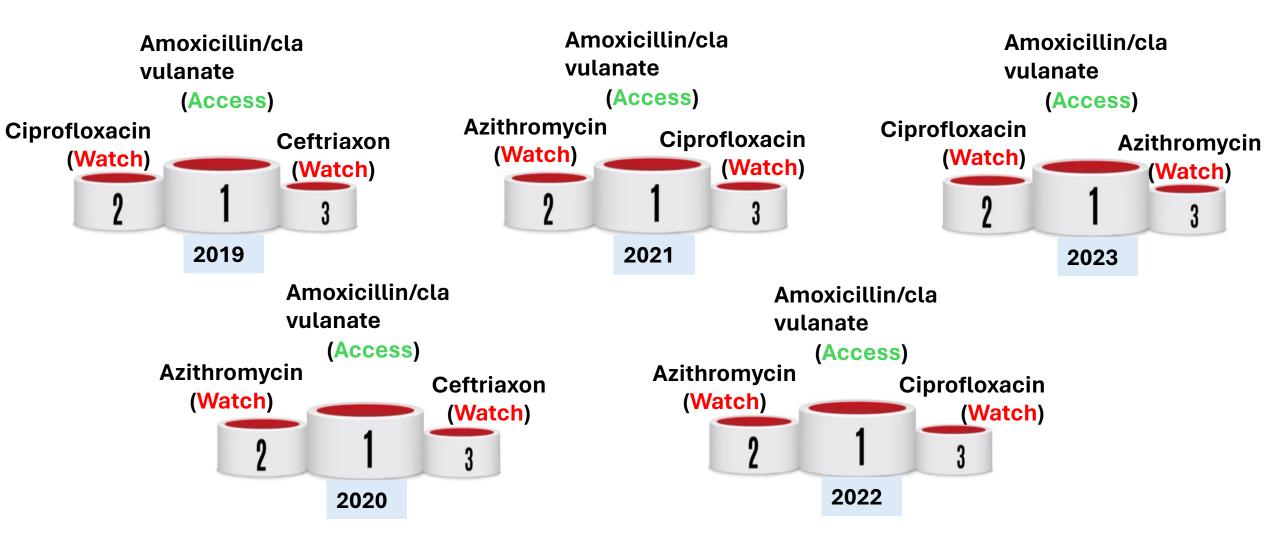




# Consumption of antibiotics by AWaRe categories

Defined Daily Dose per 1000 inhabitants	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Average change per annum; p-level
Total DDD per 1000 inhabitants	8.81	9.27	8.54	8.44	8.17	-2.42%; p=0.049
« <u>Access</u> » group	4.95	4.31	3.93	3.91	3.92	-5.48%; p=0.029
Percentage (%) of the total DDD	57.01	47.09	46.57	46.81	48.34	<b>-3.30%</b> ; p=0.132
« <u>Watch</u> » group	3.73	4.85	4.51	4.44	4.19	1.45%; p=0.353
Percentage (%) of the total DDD	42.98	52.90	53.43	53.19	51.66	<b>3.80%</b> ; p=0,154
« <u>Reserve</u> » group	0.00042	0.00035	0.00029	0.0001	0.000002	-69.72%; p=0.036
Percentage (%) of the total DDD	0.00492	0.00388	0.00346	0.00121	0.00002	<b>-70.41%</b> ; p=0.039

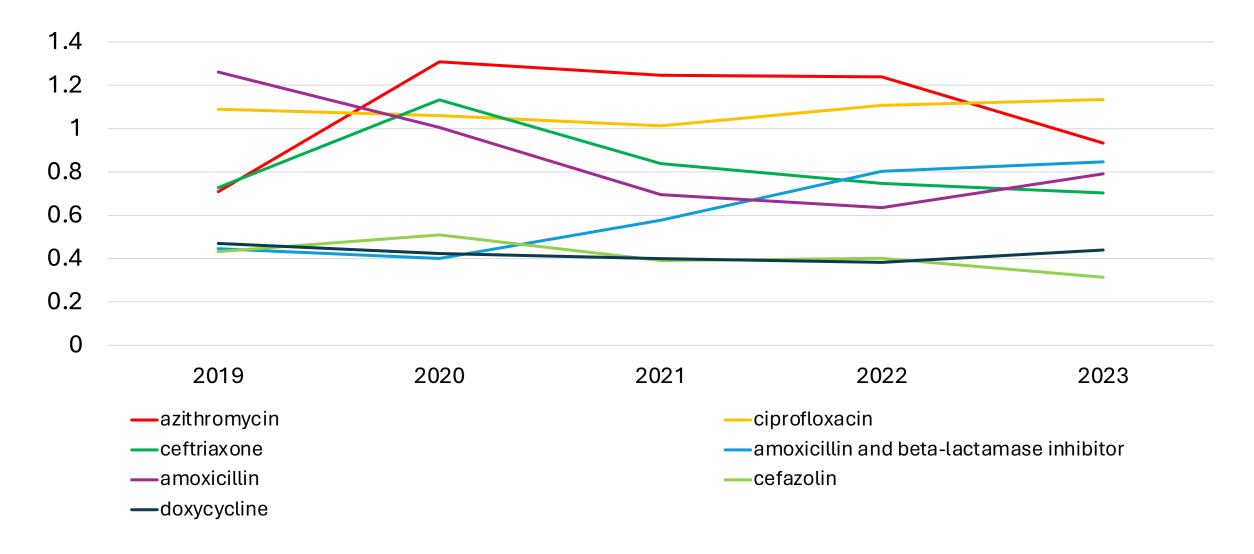
### The champions of consumption, determined by DDD per 1000 inhabitants







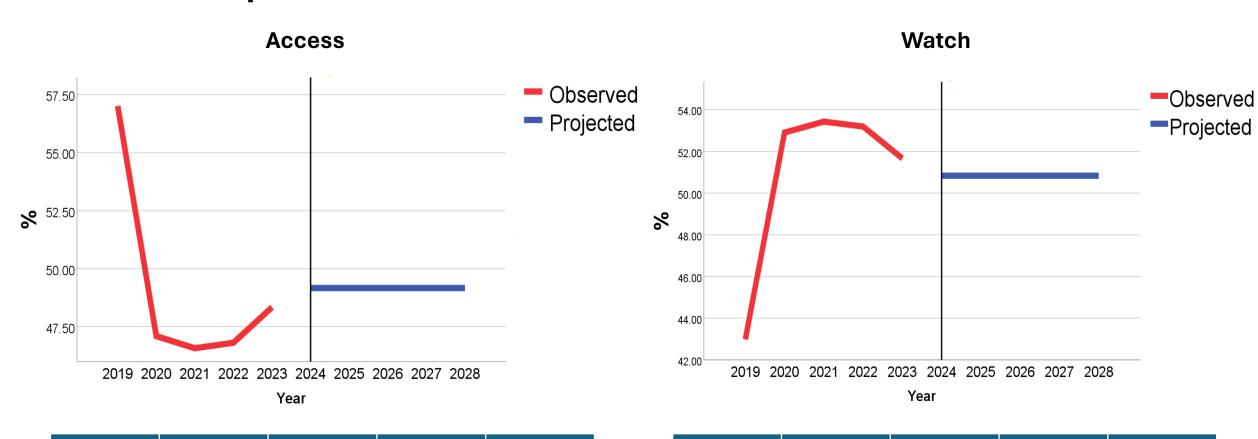
### Top 7 antibiotics, determined by DDD per 1000 inhabitants







## Prognostic modelling of antibiotic consumption



2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
49.2	49.2	49.2	49.2	49.2

2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8





#### Recommendations

- Creating and putting into action a national antibacterial drug formulary that restricts certain antibiotics' usage to specific indications or scenarios where there are no alternatives.
- Promoting awareness among both the public and healthcare professionals regarding the risks associated with AMR and the crucial role of antibiotic stewardship.
- Implementing antibiotic stewardship programs in primary care settings to aid physicians in prescribing appropriately. This involves incorporating updated clinical protocols, employing delayed antibiotic prescribing strategies, and providing patient education materials.





#### Recommendations

- Enhancing the accessibility of rapid diagnostic tests at the primary healthcare level, enabling the differentiation between bacterial and viral infections, is paramount.
- Enforcing mandatory prescriptions for all antibiotics and closely monitoring their sale and distribution.
- Identifying healthcare professionals as "champions" for the rational use of antibiotics, individuals capable of assuming leadership roles within their professional spheres.
- Promoting vaccination will help prevent infections that require antibiotic treatment.











### Thank you for attention!

